

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2004

LCO No. 3895

HB0535503895HD0

Offered by:

REP. ABRAMS, 83rd Dist. REP. BACCHIOCHI, 52nd Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **5355**

File No. 292

Cal. No. 210

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE MEDICAL USE OF MARIJUANA."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2004) As used in sections 1 to
- 4 9, inclusive, of this act, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 5 (1) "Debilitating medical condition" means (A) cancer, glaucoma,
- 6 positive status for human immunodeficiency virus or acquired
- 7 immune deficiency syndrome, or the treatment of any such conditions,
- 8 including, but not limited to, chemotherapy, (B) a chronic or
- 9 debilitating disease or medical condition, or the treatment thereof, that
- 10 produces one or more of the following: (i) Cachexia or wasting
- 11 syndrome; (ii) severe pain; (iii) severe nausea; (iv) seizures; or (v)
- 12 severe and persistent muscle spasms, or (C) any other medical
- 13 condition approved by the Department of Public Health, pursuant to
- 14 regulations that the Commissioner of Public Health may adopt, in
- 15 accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, in response to a

- 16 request from a physician or potentially qualifying patient;
- 17 (2) "Marijuana" has the same meaning as provided in section 21a-18 240 of the general statutes, as amended;
- 19 (3) "Medical use" means the acquisition and distribution, possession, 20 cultivation, use or transportation of marijuana or paraphernalia 21 relating to marijuana to alleviate the symptoms or effects of a 22 qualifying patient's symptoms, but does not include any such use of 23 marijuana by any person other than the qualifying patient. For the 24 purposes of this subdivision, "acquisition and distribution" means the 25 transfer of marijuana and paraphernalia relating to marijuana from the 26 primary caregiver to the qualifying patient;
 - (4) "Physician" means a person who is licensed under the provisions of chapter 370 of the general statutes, but does not include a physician assistant, as defined in section 20-12a of the general statutes;
- 30 (5) "Primary caregiver" means a person, other than the qualifying 31 patient and the qualifying patient's physician, who is eighteen years of 32 age or older and has agreed to undertake responsibility for managing 33 the well-being of the qualifying patient with respect to the medical use 34 of marijuana, provided, in the case of a qualifying patient lacking legal 35 capacity, such person shall be a parent, guardian or person having 36 legal custody of such qualifying patient;
 - (6) "Qualifying patient" means a person who is eighteen years of age or older and has been diagnosed by a physician as having a debilitating medical condition;
 - (7) "Usable marijuana" means the dried leaves and flowers of the marijuana plant, and any mixtures or preparations thereof, that are appropriate for the medical use of marijuana, but does not include the seeds, stalks and roots of the plant; and
- 44 (8) "Written certification" means a statement signed by the 45 qualifying patient's physician stating that, in the physician's

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46 professional opinion, the qualifying patient has a debilitating medical

- 47 condition and the potential benefits of the medical use of marijuana
- 48 would likely outweigh the health risks of such use to the qualifying
- 49 patient.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2004) (a) A qualifying patient shall
- 51 not be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized in any manner,
- 52 including, but not limited to, being subject to any civil penalty, or
- 53 denied any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, being
- 54 subject to any disciplinary action by a professional licensing board, for
- 55 the medical use of marijuana if:
- 56 (1) The qualifying patient has been diagnosed by a physician as
- 57 having a debilitating medical condition;
- 58 (2) The qualifying patient's physician has issued a written
- 59 certification to the qualifying patient for the medical use of marijuana
- after the physician has prescribed, or determined it is not in the best
- 61 interest of the patient to prescribe, prescription drugs to address the
- 62 symptoms for which the certification is being issued;
- 63 (3) The amount of marijuana jointly possessed by the qualifying
- 64 patient and the primary caregiver for medical use does not exceed five
- 65 marijuana plants and one ounce of usable marijuana; and
- 66 (4) The cultivation of such marijuana occurs in a secure indoor
- 67 facility.
- (b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to:
- 69 (1) Any medical use of marijuana that endangers the health or well-
- 70 being of another person; and
- 71 (2) The medical use of marijuana (A) in a motor bus or a school bus,
- 72 as defined respectively in section 14-1 of the general statutes, as
- amended, or in any moving vehicle, (B) in the workplace, (C) on any
- 74 school grounds, (D) at any public park, public beach, public recreation
- 75 center or youth center or any other place open to the public, or (E) in

the presence of a person under the age of eighteen. For the purposes of this subdivision, "presence" means within the direct line of sight of the medical use of marijuana or exposure to second-hand marijuana smoke, or both.

- (c) A qualifying patient shall have not more than one primary caregiver at any time. A primary caregiver may not be responsible for the care of more than one qualifying patient at any time. A primary caregiver who is registered in accordance with subsection (a) of section 3 of this act shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized in any manner, including, but not limited to, being subject to any civil penalty, or denied any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, being subject to any disciplinary action by a professional licensing board, for the acquisition, distribution, possession, cultivation or transportation of marijuana or paraphernalia related to marijuana on behalf of a qualifying patient, provided the amount of any marijuana so acquired, distributed, possessed, cultivated or transported, together with the amount of marijuana jointly possessed by the qualifying patient and the primary caregiver, shall not exceed five marijuana plants and one ounce of usable marijuana. For the purposes of this subsection, "distribution" or "distributed" means the transfer of marijuana and paraphernalia related to marijuana from the primary caregiver to the qualifying patient.
- (d) Any written certification for the medical use of marijuana issued by a physician under this section shall be valid for a period not to exceed one year from the date such written certification is signed by the physician.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2004*) (a) Each qualifying patient who is issued a written certification for the medical use of marijuana, and the primary caregiver of such qualifying patient, shall register with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Protection. Such registration shall be effective until the expiration of the written certification issued by the physician. The qualifying patient and the primary caregiver shall provide sufficient identifying information, as

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109 determined by the department, to establish the personal identity of the 110 qualifying patient and the primary caregiver. The qualifying patient or 111 the primary caregiver shall report any change in such information to 112 the department not later than five business days after such change. The 113 department shall issue a registration certificate to the qualifying 114 patient and to the primary caregiver and may charge a reasonable fee, 115 not to exceed twenty-five dollars, for a registration under this 116 subsection.

- (b) Upon the request of a law enforcement agency, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Protection shall verify whether a qualifying patient or a primary caregiver has registered with the department in accordance with subsection (a) of this section and may provide reasonable access to registry information obtained under this section for law enforcement purposes. Except as provided in this subsection, information obtained under this section shall be confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, as defined in section 1-200 of the general statutes.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2004*) (a) The Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Protection may adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, to establish (1) a required form for written certifications for the medical use of marijuana issued by physicians under section 2 of this act, and (2) requirements for registrations under section 3 of this act.
 - (b) The Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Protection shall collect a user fee from each qualifying patient to whom a written certification for the medical use of marijuana is issued under section 2 of this act for the purpose of offsetting the direct and indirect costs of administering the provisions of sections 1 to 9, inclusive, of this act. Such user fee shall be in addition to any registration fee charged under subsection (a) of section 3 of this act and shall be established by regulation adopted by the commissioner in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes. All user fees collected by the commissioner pursuant to this subsection shall be paid to the State Treasurer and

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credited to the account established pursuant to section 10 of this act.

- Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2004) Nothing in sections 1 to 9,
- inclusive, of this act shall be construed to require health insurance
- 145 coverage for the medical use of marijuana.
- Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2004) (a) A qualifying patient or a
- 147 primary caregiver may assert the medical use of marijuana as an
- 148 affirmative defense to any prosecution involving marijuana, or
- paraphernalia relating to marijuana, under chapter 420b of the general
- 150 statutes, provided such qualifying patient or such primary caregiver
- 151 has strictly complied with the requirements of sections 1 to 9,
- inclusive, of this act.
- 153 (b) No person shall be subject to arrest or prosecution solely for
- being in the presence or vicinity of the medical use of marijuana as
- permitted under sections 1 to 9, inclusive, of this act.
- 156 Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2004) A physician shall not be
- 157 subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized in any manner, including,
- but not limited to, being subject to any civil penalty, or denied any
- right or privilege, including, but not limited to, being subject to any
- disciplinary action by the Connecticut Medical Examining Board or
- other professional licensing board, for providing a written certification
- 162 for the medical use of marijuana if:
- 163 (1) The physician has diagnosed the qualifying patient as having a
- 164 debilitating medical condition;
- 165 (2) The physician has explained the potential risks and benefits of
- 166 the medical use of marijuana to the qualifying patient and, if the
- 167 qualifying patient lacks legal capacity, to a parent, guardian or person
- having legal custody of the qualifying patient; and
- 169 (3) The written certification issued by the physician is based upon
- 170 the physician's professional opinion after having completed a full
- assessment of the qualifying patient's medical history and current

medical condition made in the course of a bona fide physician-patient relationship.

- Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2004) Any marijuana, paraphernalia relating to marijuana, or other property seized by law enforcement officials from a qualifying patient or a primary caregiver in connection with a claimed medical use of marijuana under sections 1 to 9, inclusive, of this act shall be returned to the qualifying patient or the primary caregiver immediately upon the determination by a court that the qualifying patient or the primary caregiver is entitled to the medical use of marijuana under sections 1 to 9, inclusive, of this act, as evidenced by a decision not to prosecute, a dismissal of charges or an acquittal. Law enforcement officials seizing live marijuana plants as evidence shall not be responsible for the care and maintenance of such plants. This section does not apply to any qualifying patient or primary caregiver who fails to comply with the requirements for the medical use of marijuana under sections 1 to 9, inclusive, of this act.
 - Sec. 9. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2004*) (a) Any person who makes a fraudulent representation to a law enforcement official of any fact or circumstance relating to the medical use of marijuana in order to avoid arrest or prosecution under chapter 420b of the general statutes shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
 - (b) Any person who makes a fraudulent representation to a law enforcement official of any fact or circumstance relating to the issuance of a written certification for the medical use of marijuana by a physician to which section 7 of this act does not apply shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
 - Sec. 10. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004) There is established a medical marijuana administration account which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account within the General Fund. The account shall contain the fees collected pursuant to subsection (b) of section 4 of this act, and any other moneys required by law to be deposited in the account, and shall be held in trust separate and apart from all other

moneys, funds and accounts. Any balance remaining in the account at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward in the account for the fiscal year next succeeding. Investment earnings credited to the account shall become part of the account. Amounts in the account shall be expended only pursuant to appropriations by the General Assembly for the purpose of providing funds for administering the provisions of sections 1 to 9, inclusive, of this act.

- Sec. 11. Subsection (a) of section 21a-246 of the general statutes, as amended by section 146 of public act 03-6 of the June 30 special session, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2004*):
- 215 (a) No person within this state shall manufacture, wholesale, 216 repackage, supply, compound, mix, cultivate or grow, or by other 217 process produce or prepare, controlled substances without first 218 obtaining a license to do so from the Commissioner of Agriculture and 219 Consumer Protection and no person within this state shall operate a 220 laboratory for the purpose of research or analysis using controlled 221 substances without first obtaining a license to do so from the 222 Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Protection, except that 223 such activities by pharmacists or pharmacies in the filling and 224 dispensing of prescriptions, or activities incident thereto, or the 225 dispensing or administering of controlled substances by dentists, 226 podiatrists, physicians [,] or veterinarians, or other persons acting 227 under their supervision, in the treatment of patients shall not be 228 subject to the provisions of this section, and provided laboratories for 229 instruction in dentistry, medicine, nursing, pharmacy, pharmacology 230 and pharmacognosy in institutions duly licensed for such purposes in 231 this state shall not be subject to the provisions of this section except 232 with respect to narcotic drugs and schedule I and II controlled 233 substances. Upon application of any physician licensed pursuant to 234 chapter 370, the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer 235 Protection shall without unnecessary delay, license such physician to 236 possess and supply marijuana for [the treatment of glaucoma or the 237 side effects of chemotherapy] medical use pursuant to sections 1 to 9,

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inclusive, of this act. No person [without] outside this state shall sell or supply controlled substances within [the] this state without first obtaining a license to do so from the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Protection, provided no such license shall be required of a manufacturer whose principal place of business is located outside [the] this state and who is registered with the federal Drug Enforcement [Agency] Administration or other federal agency, and who files a copy of such registration with the appropriate licensing authority under this chapter.

Sec. 12. Section 21a-253 of the general statutes, as amended by section 146 of public act 03-6 of the June 30 special session, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1*, 2004):

Any [person] qualifying patient or primary caregiver, as defined respectively in section 1 of this act, may possess or have under [his] such qualifying patient's or primary caregiver's control a quantity of marijuana less than or equal to that quantity supplied [to him] pursuant to a prescription made in accordance with the provisions of section 21a-249, as amended, by a physician licensed under the provisions of chapter 370 and further authorized by subsection (a) of section 21a-246, as amended by this act, by the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Protection to possess and supply marijuana for [the treatment of glaucoma or the side effects of chemotherapy] medical use pursuant to sections 1 to 9, inclusive, of this act. The provisions of this section do not apply to the possession or control of marijuana in a quantity that exceeds the amount permitted for medical use pursuant to sections 1 to 9, inclusive, of this act."

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	October 1, 2004
Sec. 2	October 1, 2004
Sec. 3	October 1, 2004
Sec. 4	October 1, 2004
Sec. 5	October 1, 2004

Sec. 6	October 1, 2004
Sec. 7	October 1, 2004
Sec. 8	October 1, 2004
Sec. 9	October 1, 2004
Sec. 10	July 1, 2004
Sec. 11	October 1, 2004
Sec. 12	October 1, 2004